
Cuaderno de notas de trabajo

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Cuaderno 30

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{1 unidad de masa} \\ \text{Birkhoffiana} \end{array} \right\} = 4.0435 \cdot 10^{38} \text{ gr.}$$

$$1 \text{ gramo} = 2.4731 \cdot 10^{-39} \text{ Unidades Birkhoffiana}$$

$$\text{Masa del Sol} = \cancel{4.9462 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ UB}}$$

$$4.874 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ UB}$$

Pseudocurvatura del campo en la teoría de la gravitación de Birkhoff.

El tensor de curvatura en un espacio Riemanniano es:

$$1) R^a_{ijk} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} \Gamma^a_{ik} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} \Gamma^a_{ij} + \Gamma^a_{bj} \Gamma^b_{ik} - \Gamma^a_{bk} \Gamma^b_{ij}.$$

En donde Γ^a_{ik} es el símbolo de Christoffel.

En la teoría de Birkhoff las trayectorias de universo de las partículas ~~son~~ son senderos definidos por:

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Gamma^i_{jk} \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$2) \frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + B^i_{jk} \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\text{En donde } B^i_{jk} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta^{im} \left(\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^m} \right)$$

La pseudo-curvatura del campo Birkhoffiano es entonces (por

La ecuación diferencial de las líneas de universo ~~de~~ en la teoría de Birkhoff es:

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left(-\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{mk}}{\partial x^j} + 2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right) \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + B_{jk}^{i..} \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$B_{jk}^{i..} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta^{im} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{mk}}{\partial x^j} \right]$$

El tensor de pseudocurvatura del campo en la teoría de la gravitación de Birkhoff es:

$$R_{..ijk}^{a...} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} B_{..ik}^{a..} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} B_{..ij}^{a..} + B_{..bj}^{a..} B_{..ik}^{b..} - B_{..bk}^{a..} B_{..ij}^{b..}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} B_{..ik}^{a..} = \Delta^{am} \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial^2 h_{ik}}{\partial x^j \partial x^m} - \frac{\partial^2 h_{mi}}{\partial x^j \partial x^k} - \frac{\partial^2 h_{mk}}{\partial x^j \partial x^i} \right]$$

$$- \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} B_{..ij}^{a..} = \Delta^{am} \frac{1}{2} \left[-2 \frac{\partial^2 h_{ij}}{\partial x^k \partial x^m} + \frac{\partial^2 h_{mi}}{\partial x^k \partial x^j} + \frac{\partial^2 h_{mj}}{\partial x^k \partial x^i} \right]$$

$$B_{..bj}^{a..} B_{..ik}^{b..} = \frac{1}{4} \Delta^{am} \Delta^{bn} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{bj}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{mb}}{\partial x^j} - \frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^b} \right] \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{ik}}{\partial x^n} - \frac{\partial h_{ni}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{nk}}{\partial x^i} \right]$$

$$- B_{..bk}^{a..} B_{..ij}^{b..} = \Delta^{am} \Delta^{bn} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{bk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{mb}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{mk}}{\partial x^b} \right] \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^n} - \frac{\partial h_{ni}}{\partial x^j} - \frac{\partial h_{nj}}{\partial x^i} \right]$$

$$R_{..ijk}^{a...} =$$

$$B^i_{\cdot jk} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} \right]$$

$$\partial_m h_{jk} = \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j}$$



$$v_{m;j} = \frac{\partial v_m}{\partial x^j} - \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial x^m}$$

$$T_{mn;j} = \frac{\partial T_{mn}}{\partial x^j} - \frac{\partial T_{jn}}{\partial x^m} + \frac{\partial T_{mn}}{\partial x^j} - \frac{\partial T_{mj}}{\partial x^n}$$

Transformación del tensor gravitacional de Birkhoff en los cambios de coordenadas.

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + B^i_{jk} \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

B^i_{jk} — { tensor integridad gravitacional de Birkhoff.

$$\frac{d\bar{x}^i}{ds} = \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{dx^m}{ds}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \bar{x}^i}{ds^2} = \frac{\partial^2 \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m \partial x^n} \frac{dx^m}{ds} \frac{dx^n}{ds} + \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{d^2 x^m}{ds^2}$$

$$- \bar{B}^i_{jk} \frac{d\bar{x}^j}{ds} \frac{d\bar{x}^k}{ds} = \frac{\partial^2 \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m \partial x^n} \frac{dx^m}{ds} \frac{dx^n}{ds} + \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \left[- B^m_{pq} \frac{dx^p}{ds} \frac{dx^q}{ds} \right]$$

$$- \bar{B}^i_{jk} \frac{d\bar{x}^j}{ds} \frac{d\bar{x}^k}{ds} = \left[\frac{\partial^2 \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m \partial x^n} \frac{\partial x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^n}{\partial \bar{x}^k} \frac{d\bar{x}^j}{ds} \frac{d\bar{x}^k}{ds} + \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} B^m_{pq} \frac{\partial x^p}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^q}{\partial \bar{x}^k} \frac{d\bar{x}^j}{ds} \frac{d\bar{x}^k}{ds} \right]$$

$$\bar{B}_{jk}^i = B_{pq}^m \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial x^p}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^q}{\partial \bar{x}^k} - \frac{\partial^2 \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m \partial x^n} \frac{\partial x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^n}{\partial \bar{x}^k}$$

$$\frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j} = \delta_j^i$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m \partial x^n} \frac{\partial x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j} + \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial^2 x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j \partial \bar{x}^k} \frac{\partial \bar{x}^k}{\partial x^n} = 0$$

$$\bar{B}_{jk}^i = B_{pq}^m \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial x^p}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^q}{\partial \bar{x}^k} + \frac{\partial^2 x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j \partial \bar{x}^k} \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial \bar{x}^r}{\partial x^n} \frac{\partial x^n}{\partial \bar{x}^r}$$

$$\bar{B}_{jk}^i = B_{pq}^m \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial x^p}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^q}{\partial \bar{x}^k} + \frac{\partial^2 x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j \partial \bar{x}^k} \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m}$$

Ecuaciones de transformación

$$\bar{B}_{jk}^i = B_{pq}^m \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial x^p}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^q}{\partial \bar{x}^k} - \frac{\partial^2 \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m \partial x^n} \frac{\partial x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^n}{\partial \bar{x}^k}$$

$$\bar{B}_{jk}^i = B_{pq}^m \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial x^p}{\partial \bar{x}^j} \frac{\partial x^q}{\partial \bar{x}^k} + \frac{\partial^2 x^m}{\partial \bar{x}^j \partial \bar{x}^k} \frac{\partial \bar{x}^i}{\partial x^m}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^j}{ds^2} \Rightarrow f_1 = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$f_2 = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$f_3 = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$f_4 = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

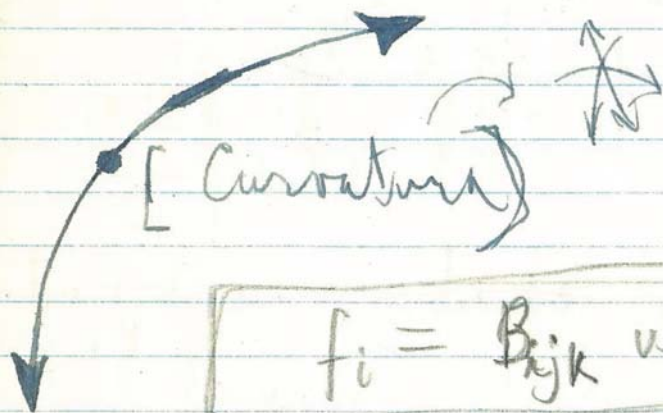
$$f_i = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{ik}}{\partial x^j} - 2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$\Delta^{mn} f_m f_n = \frac{1}{4} \Delta^{mn} \left(\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{mk}}{\partial x^j} - 2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right) \left(\frac{\partial h_{nr}}{\partial x^s} + \frac{\partial h_{ns}}{\partial x^r} - 2 \frac{\partial h_{rs}}{\partial x^n} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} \frac{dx^s}{ds}$$

$$\Delta^{mn} f_m f_n = \frac{1}{4} f_i = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^i} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$\Delta^{mn} f_m f_n = \Delta^{mn} \left(\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right) \left(\frac{\partial h_{nr}}{\partial x^s} - \frac{\partial h_{rs}}{\partial x^n} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} \frac{dx^s}{ds}$$

$$\Delta^{mn} f_m f_n = \left[\Delta^{mn} \frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} \frac{\partial h_{nr}}{\partial x^s} - 2 \Delta^{mn} \frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} \frac{\partial h_{rs}}{\partial x^n} + \Delta^{mn} \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \frac{\partial h_{rs}}{\partial x^n} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} \frac{dx^r}{ds} \frac{dx^s}{ds}$$



$$f_i = B_{ijk} \dot{x}^j \dot{x}^k$$

B_{122}

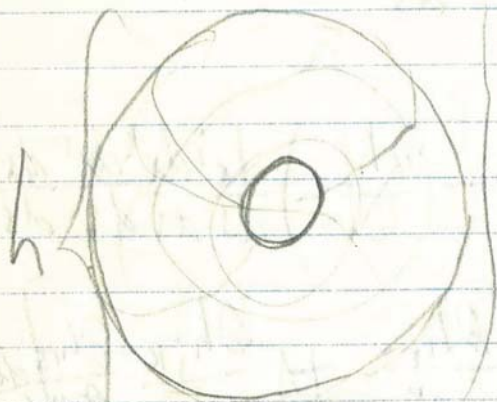
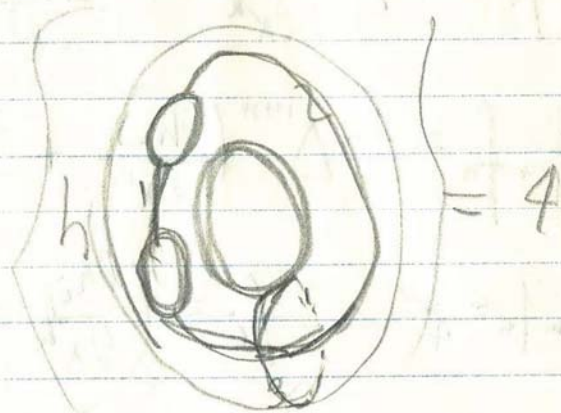
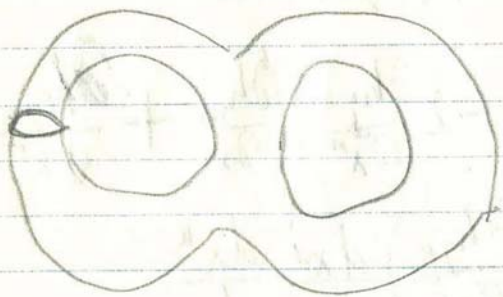
B_{133}

B_{144}

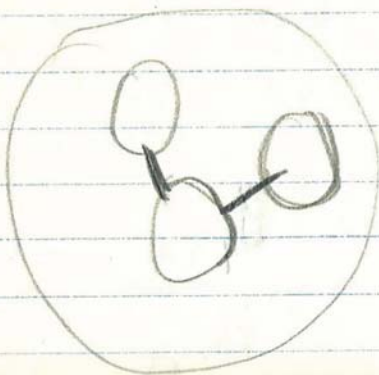
$$f_i = B_{ijk} (1 - v^2 - (v^1)^2 - (v^2)^2 - (v^3)^2) + B_{ijk}$$

$$f_i = B_{ijk}$$

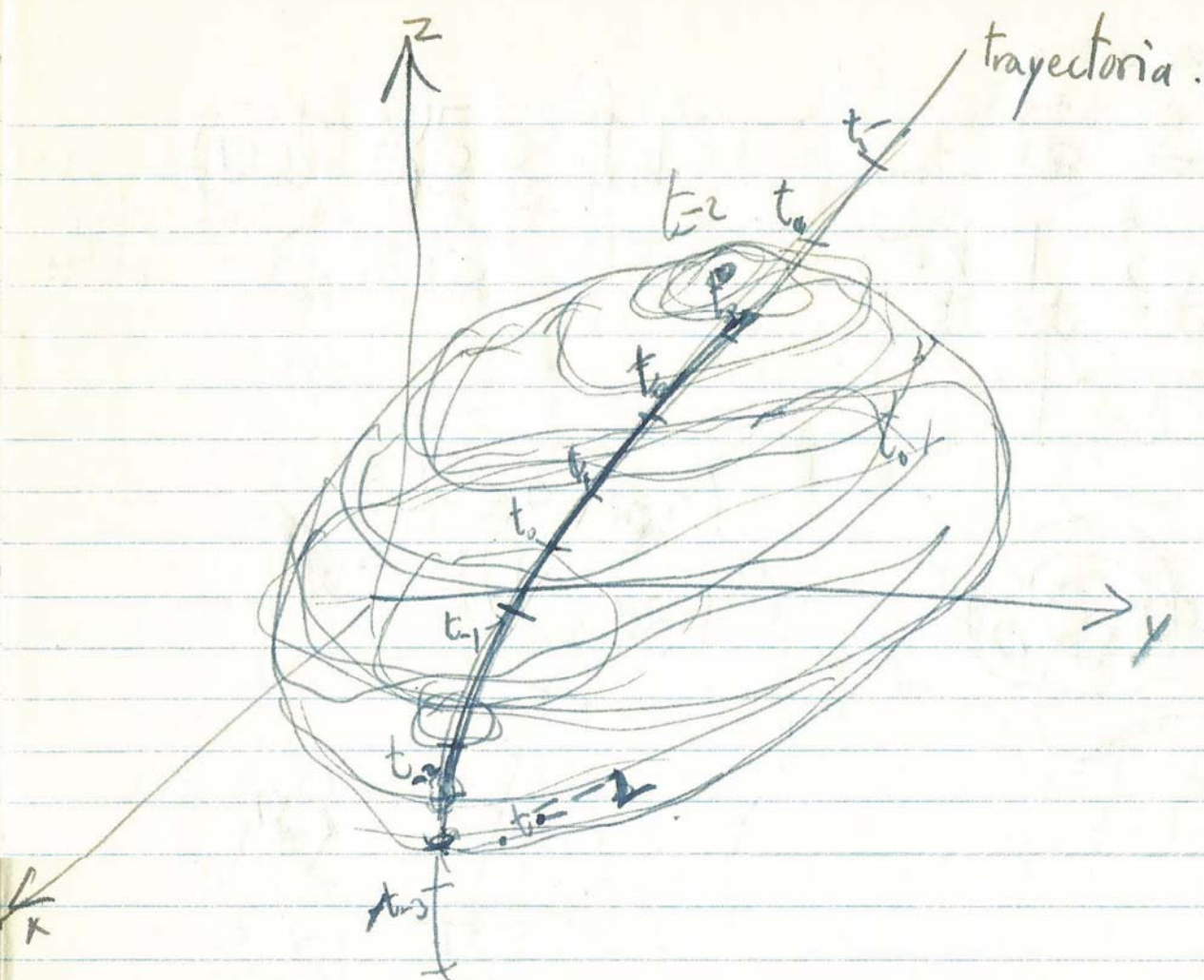
$$f_i = B_{111}(v^1)^3 + B_{122}(v^2)^3 + B_{133}(v^3)^3 + B_{144}(v^4)^3$$



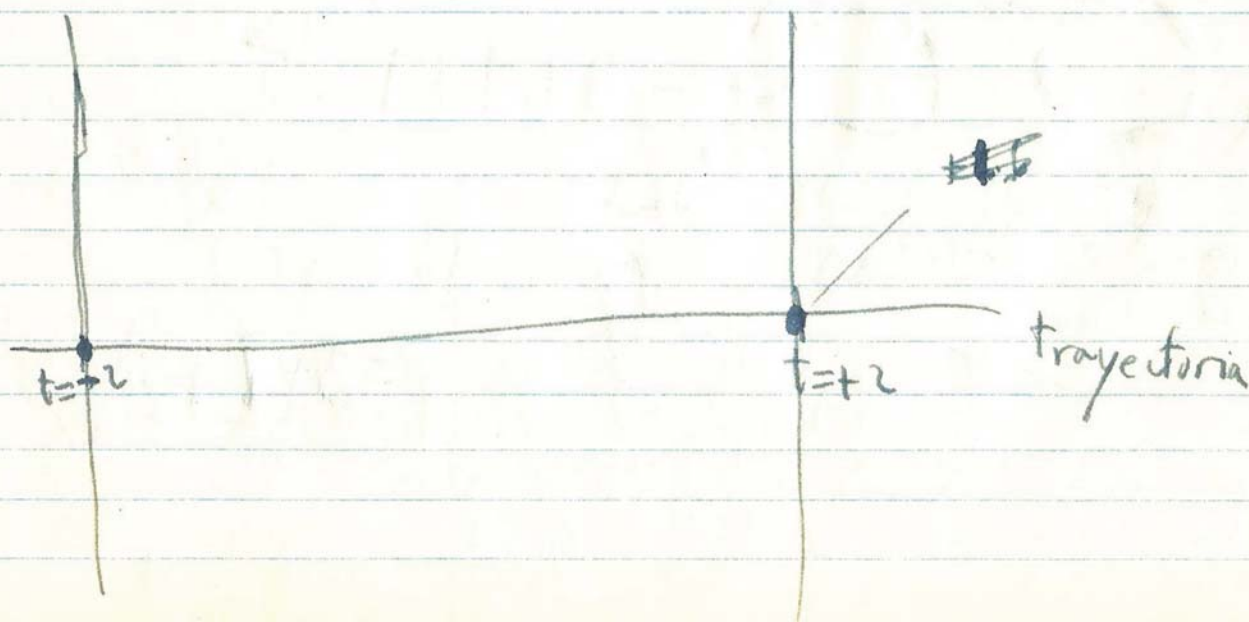
$$h \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{esfera con} \\ \text{una perf} \end{array} \right\} = 1$$



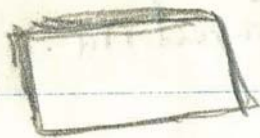
$$h \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{esfera con} \\ \text{2 perf} \end{array} \right\} = 2$$



- 1) Trayectoria ~~acotada~~ parametrizada con valores de t
- 2) Una superficie cerrada "parametrizada con valores de t ."

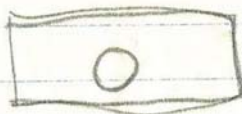


h de m

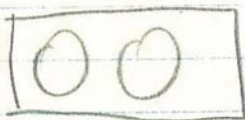


$$h=1$$

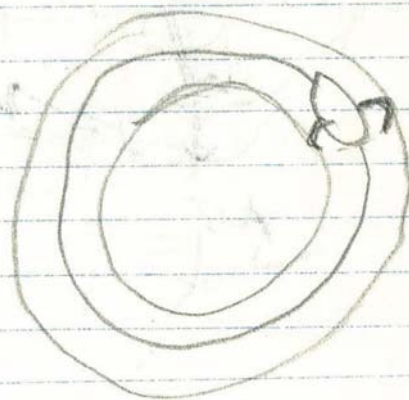
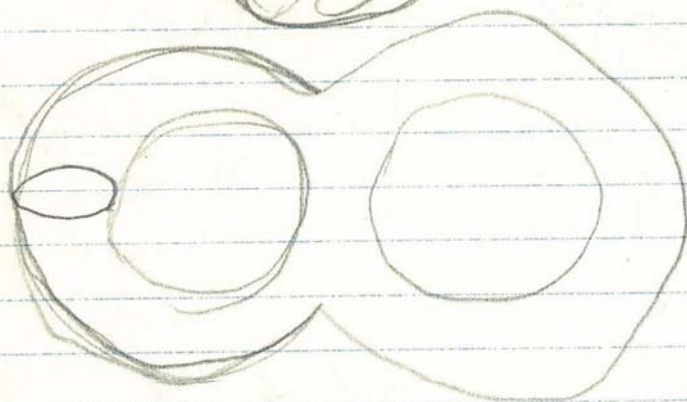
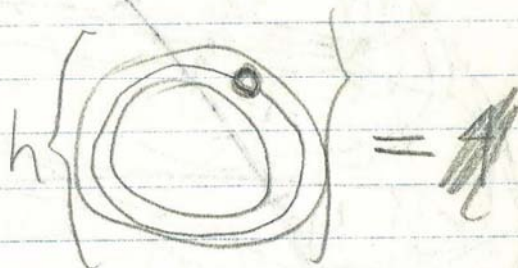
$$h \left\{ \boxed{0 \ 0 \ \dots \ 0} \right\} = (n+1)$$



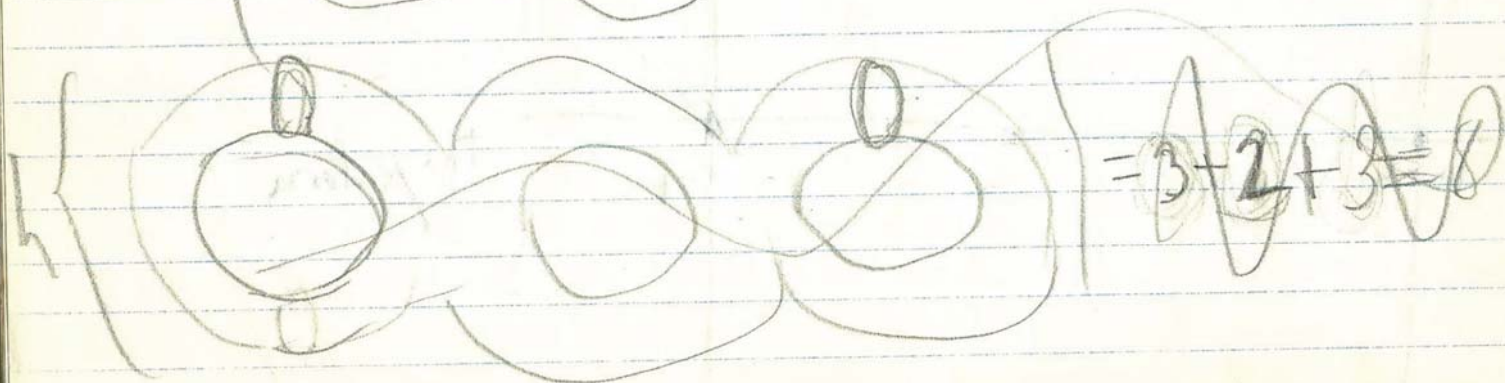
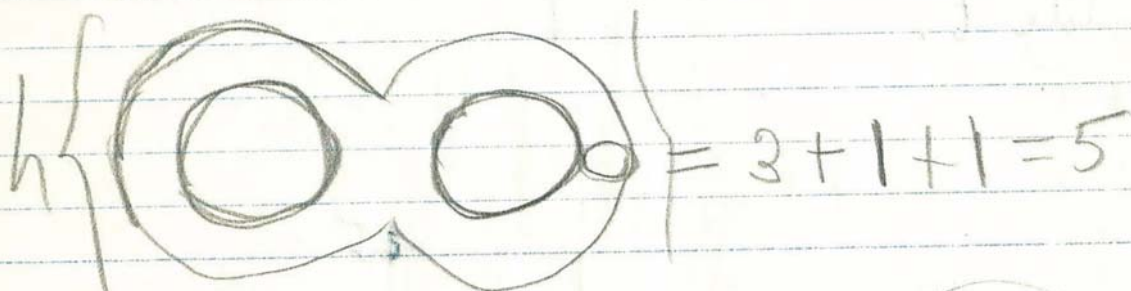
$$h=2$$



$$h=3$$

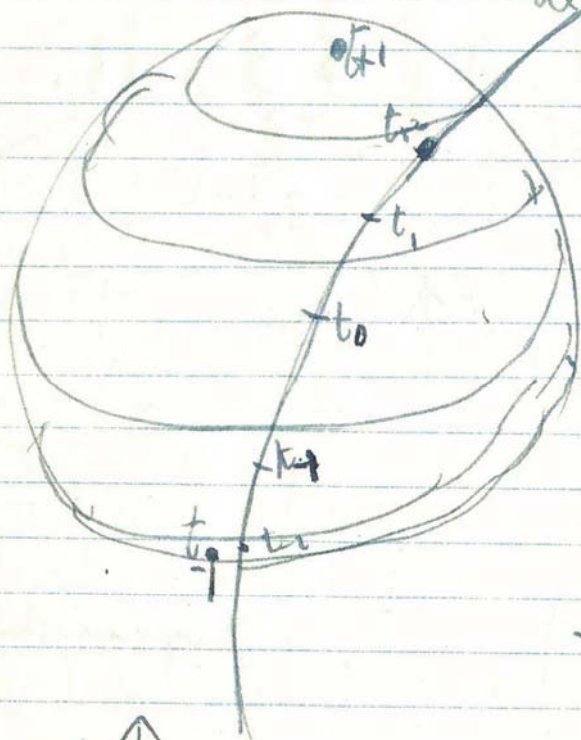


$$h \{ \text{torus} + n \text{ aquipos} \} = 3 + (n-1)$$



La superficie es la imagen topológica de la esfera. Las líneas $t = \text{const.}$ las imágenes topológicas de los paralelos. Sean los polos t_{+1}, t_{-1}

La parte de la línea de universo que queda encerrada está entre t_{-2} y t_{+2}

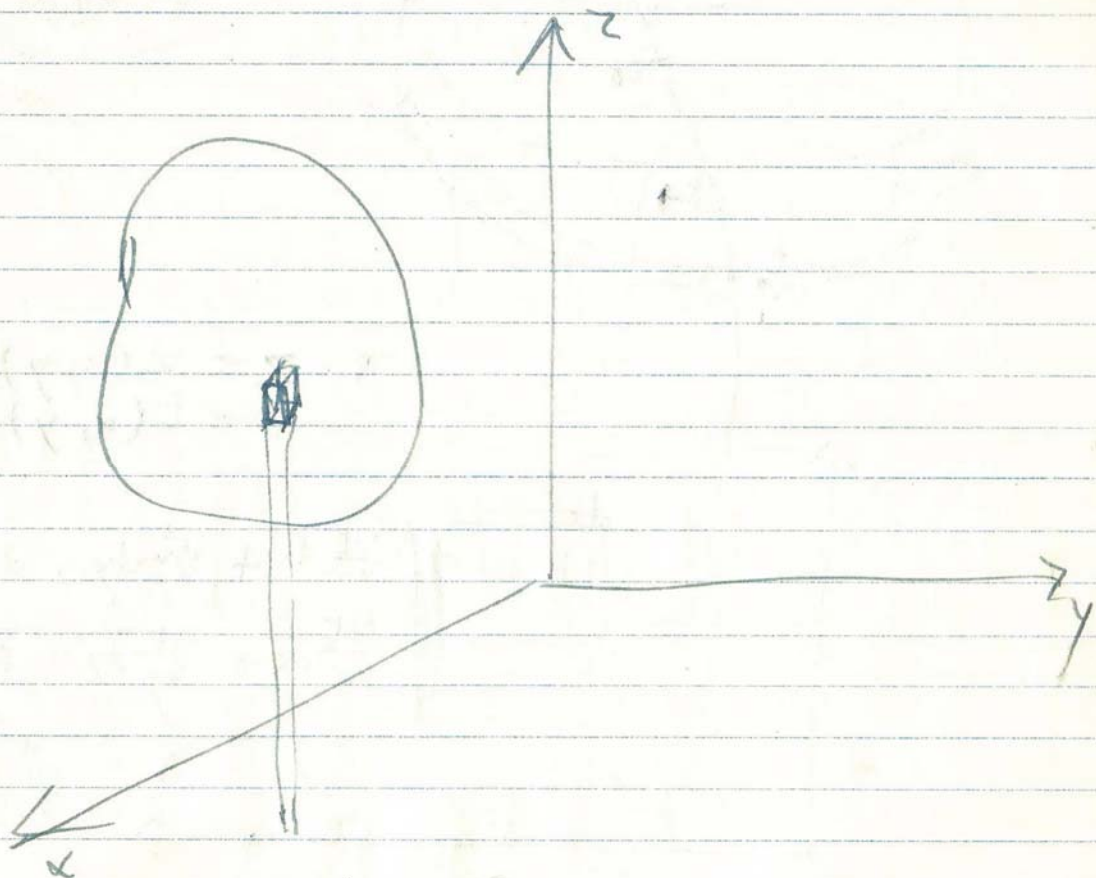


$$\begin{aligned} z &= z(x, y) \\ t &= t(x, y) \end{aligned}$$

$dx \rightarrow d$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dy & dx & dy & \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} dy \\ &\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} \delta x + \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} \delta y & \delta x & \delta y & \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \delta x + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \delta y \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} f(x, y, z, t)$$



Elemento de volumen tridimensional en el espacio tiempo de Minkowski.

$$t = t(x, y, z)$$

~~$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dy + \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} dz & dx & dy & dz \\
 & \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} \bar{dx} + \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} \bar{dy} + \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} \bar{dz} & \bar{dx} & \bar{dy} & \bar{dz} \\
 & \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} D_x + \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} D_y + \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} D_z & D_x & D_y & D_z
 \end{aligned}$$~~

~~Tres vectores que~~
Tres cuadriectores que definen el volumen.

~~$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx, \quad dx, \quad 0, \quad 0 \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dy, \quad 0, \quad dy, \quad 0 \right) \\
 & \left(\frac{\partial t}{\partial z} dz, \quad 0, \quad 0, \quad dz \right)
 \end{aligned}$$~~

$$\iiint \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx dy dz$$

Elemento de volumen.

Ecuación de la hipersuperficie
 $t = t(x, y, z)$

$$\left\| \begin{array}{cccc} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx & dx & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dy & 0 & dy & 0 \\ \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} dz & 0 & 0 & dz \end{array} \right\|$$

$$\left[dx dy dz, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx dy dz, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dx dy dz, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial z} dx dy dz \right]$$

$$\left[1, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial x}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial y}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial z} \right] dx dy dz$$

Cuadrivector elemento de volumen

$$dV_i = \left[1, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial x}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial y}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial z} \right] dx dy dz$$

Elemento de superficie

Ecuaciones de la superficie

$$t = t(x, y)$$

$$z = z(x, y)$$

$$\left\| \begin{array}{cccc} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx & dx & 0 & \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} dx \\ \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dy & 0 & dy & \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} dy \end{array} \right\|$$

$$dS_{12} = -\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} dx dy$$

$$dS_{21} = -dS_{12}$$

$$dS_{13} = -\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} dx dy$$

$$dS_{31} = \left(\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right) dx dy$$

$$dS_{14} = dx dy$$

$$dS_{41} = -\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx dy$$

$$dS_{34} = -\frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dx dy$$

$$z - z(x, y) = 0$$

$$\nabla f = \left(-\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}, -\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}, 1 \right)$$

$$dS = \langle A, B, C \rangle dx dy$$

$$dS^a = \nabla f dx dy = \left(-\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} dx dy, -\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} dx dy, dx dy \right)$$

$$\iint dS_{ij} v^j = \iiint \frac{\partial v^i}{\partial x^j} dV_j$$

$$\iint (\partial S_{12} v^2 + \partial S_{13} v^3 + \partial S_{14} v^4) = \iiint \left(\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z} \right) dx dy dz$$

$$v^2 = v^2(t, x, y, z)$$

$$\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \dots$$

$$\iiint \left[\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} \right] dx dy dz$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z} \quad \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial t} \quad \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial t} \quad \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial t}$$
~~$$\frac{\partial v^3}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^1}{\partial z} \quad \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial t} \quad \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial t}$$~~

$\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z}$	$\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial t}$	$\frac{\partial v^3}{\partial t}$	$\frac{\partial v^4}{\partial t}$
$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial x}$	$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z}$	$\frac{\partial v^3}{\partial x}$	$\frac{\partial v^4}{\partial x}$
$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial y}$	$\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial y}$	$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z}$	$\frac{\partial v^4}{\partial y}$
$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial z}$	$\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial z}$	$\frac{\partial v^3}{\partial z}$	$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y}$

$$(\text{div } \vec{v} = \nabla v^1, \text{div } \vec{v} = \nabla v^2, \text{div } \vec{v} = \nabla v^3, \text{div } \vec{v} = \nabla v^4)$$

Rot ~~P(n) = n~~

$$P(n+1) = n P(n)$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$d(u^v) = u^v \ln u \, dv + v u^{v-1} du$$

$$\int u^v \ln u \, dv = u^v - \int v u^{v-1} du$$

$$\int v u^{v-1} du = u^v - \int u^v \ln u \, dv$$

$$u = e^x$$

$$\int v e^{x(v-1)} e^x dx = e^{vx} - \int x e^{vx} dv \quad e^x = dw$$

$$\int v e^{vx} dx = e^{vx} - \int x e^{vx} dv$$

$$v e^{vx} = e^{vx} \left(x \frac{dv}{dx} + v \right) - x e^{vx} \frac{dv}{dx}$$

$$\int \ln w \cdot w^x dx = w^x - \int x w^x dx$$

$$\int e^x x e^x dx = e^x e^x - \int x e^x e^x dx$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^n} dx = \int_0^{\infty} [e^{-x^{n-1}}]^x dx$$

∫



$$n^{P(n)} = P(n+1)$$

$$P(n) \ln n = \ln P(n+1)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^n} f(x) dx = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^n} n(x^{n-1}) \frac{f(x)}{n x^{n-1}} dx$$

$$= \left[e^{-x^n} \frac{f(x)}{n x^{n-1}} \right]_0^{\infty} - \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^n} \frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{n x^{n-1}} dx$$

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \alpha^{\alpha} = 1$$

$$y' dx$$

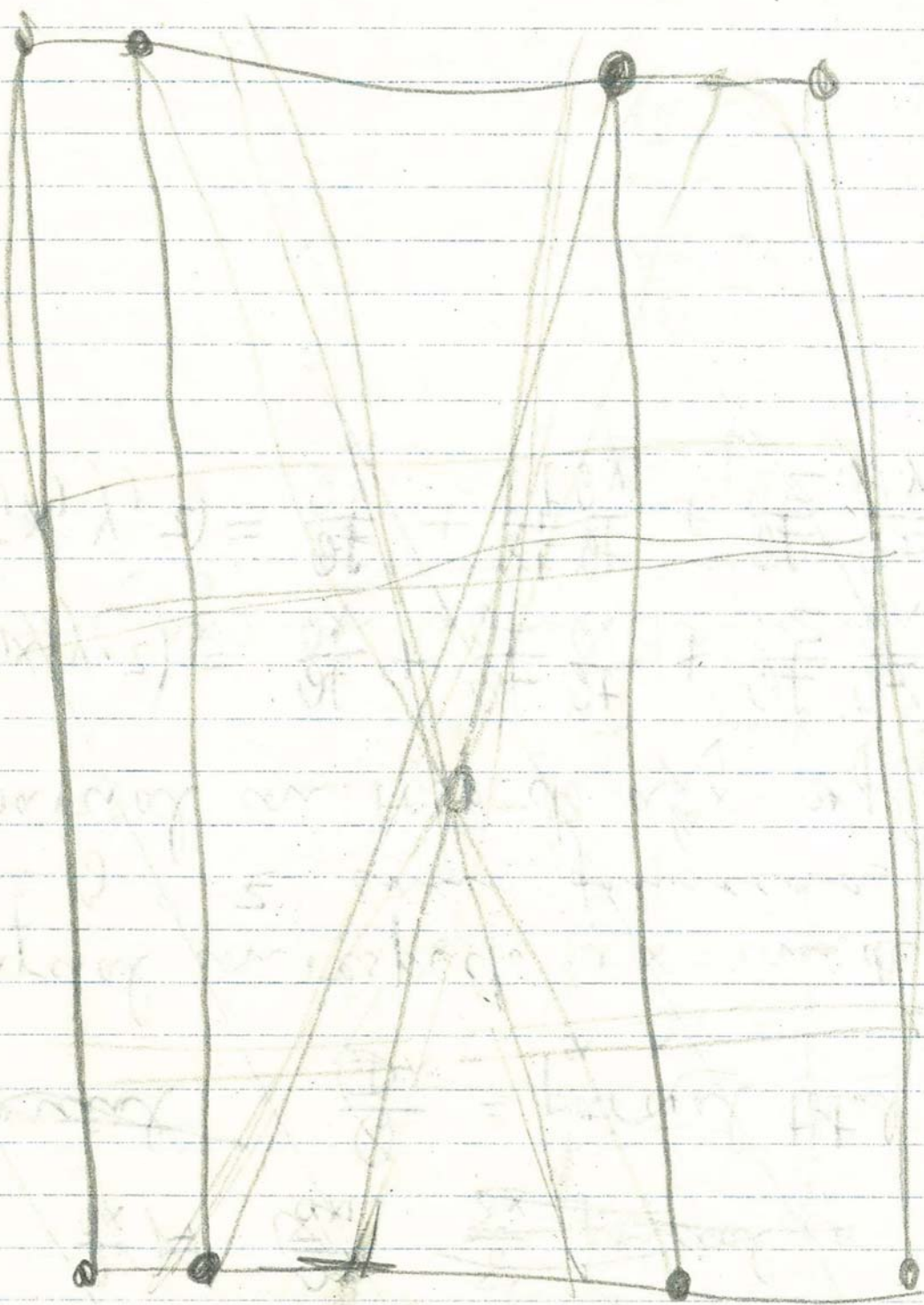
$$\alpha^{\alpha} = f(\alpha)$$

$$\ln f = \alpha \ln \alpha$$

$$\ln f = \frac{\ln \alpha}{\left(\frac{1}{\alpha}\right)}$$

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \ln f = \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\alpha}\right)}{\left(-\frac{1}{\alpha^2}\right)} = \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \alpha = 0$$



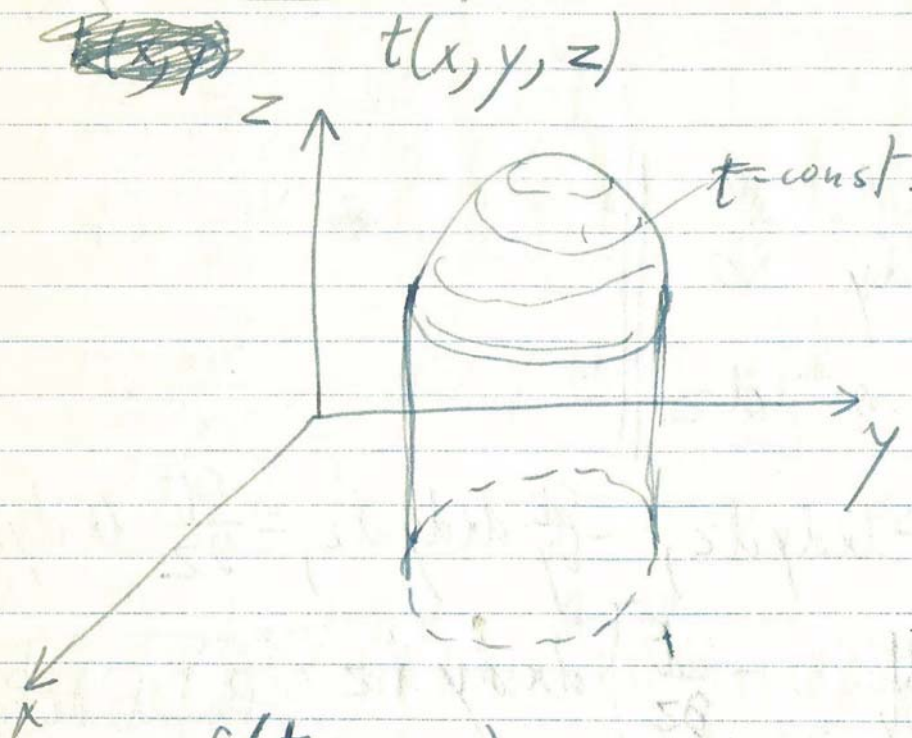


D

$\frac{dx}{dt} = \lambda - x = \frac{dx}{dt} + x = \lambda$
 $\frac{dy}{dt} = \mu - y = \frac{dy}{dt} + y = \mu$
 $\frac{dz}{dt} = \nu - z = \frac{dz}{dt} + z = \nu$
 $\frac{dw}{dt} = \omega - w = \frac{dw}{dt} + w = \omega$
 $\frac{dx}{dt} = \lambda - x$
 $\frac{dy}{dt} = \mu - y$
 $\frac{dz}{dt} = \nu - z$
 $\frac{dw}{dt} = \omega - w$

$(x, y, z, w) = (0, 0, 0, 0)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (1, 1, 1, 1)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (2, 2, 2, 2)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (3, 3, 3, 3)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (4, 4, 4, 4)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (5, 5, 5, 5)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (6, 6, 6, 6)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (7, 7, 7, 7)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (8, 8, 8, 8)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (9, 9, 9, 9)$
 $(x, y, z, w) = (10, 10, 10, 10)$

Volumen en el espacio-tiempo.



$$f(t, x, y, z)$$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$ = {parcial en x considerando a t como función de x }

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial u^3}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u^4}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z}$$

Elemento de volumen en el espacio-tiempo.

$$t = t(x, y, z)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx & dx & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dy & 0 & dy & 0 \\ \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} dz & 0 & 0 & dz \end{vmatrix}$$

$$dV_i = [dx dy dz, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial x} dx dy dz, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial y} dx dy dz, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial z} dx dy dz]$$

$$dV_i = [1, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial x}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial y}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial z}] dx dy dz$$

$$v^i = [v^1, v^2, v^3, v^4]$$

~~$$dV_i = dV_i$$~~

$$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z}$$

Elemento de
Hiper volumen

$$g_{ij} dx^i dx^j dx^k dx^l$$

Hiper volumen

$$dt dx dy dz$$

Elemento de hiper volumen

$$(v^1, v^2, v^3, v^4)$$

$$\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z}$$

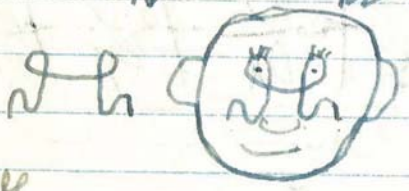
$$\left[\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial t} \right]$$

$$dV_i \frac{\partial v^i}{\partial t} \neq dV_i \left[\frac{\partial v^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$dV_i \frac{\partial v^i}{\partial x} - dV_i \left[\frac{\partial v^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial v^2}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v^4}{\partial z} \right]$$

dh dh wo wo wo

1 wo wo



z

$\alpha \beta \gamma \delta \epsilon \eta \zeta \theta \iota \kappa \lambda \mu \nu \sigma \tau$

Gab ich den Markt und

$$\text{div } u^i = \frac{\partial u^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{\partial u^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial z} = \text{div } u^i$$

$$\frac{\partial u^1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial z} = \text{div } u^i$$

~~the~~

$$(\text{div})_3 u^i = \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^3}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^4}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x}$$

$$u^i(t, x, y, z) = \frac{\partial u^i}{\partial t} dt + \frac{\partial u^i}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial u^i}{\partial y} dy + \frac{\partial u^i}{\partial z} dz$$

$$z'' = 0$$

$$t't'' - x'x'' - y'y'' - z'z'' = 0$$

$$t't'' = -\frac{mxx'}{r^3} - \frac{2mxx'}{r^3}(x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{mx'^2r'}{r^2}$$

$$- \frac{myy'}{r^3} - \frac{2myy'}{r^3}(x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{my'^2r'}{r^2}$$

$$t't'' =$$

$$\frac{d^2t}{ds^2} = \left(\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial t} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$t'' = \frac{\partial h_{tt}}{\partial x^k} \frac{dt}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$t'' = m \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{1}{r} \frac{dx}{ds} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{1}{r} \frac{dy}{ds} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{1}{r} \frac{dz}{ds} \right] \frac{dt}{ds}$$

$$t'' = m \left[-\frac{1}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \right]$$

$$t'' = m \left[-\frac{xx'}{r^2} - \frac{yy'}{r^2} - \frac{zz'}{r^3} \right] t'$$

$$t'' = -\frac{mxx't'}{r^3} - m\cancel{yy'}$$

$$t'' = -\frac{mt'}{r^3} [xx' + yy'] + \cancel{zz'}$$

$$x'' = -\frac{mx}{r^3} - \frac{2mx}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{mx'r'}{r^2}$$

$$y'' = -\frac{my}{r^3} - \frac{2my}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{my'r'}{r^2}$$

$$t't'' - x'x'' - y'y'' =$$

$$= \frac{mt'^2}{r^3} [xx' + yy'] + \frac{mxx'}{r^3} + \frac{2mxx'}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) - \frac{mx'^2 r'}{r^2}$$

$$+ \frac{myy'}{r^3} + \frac{2myy'}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) - \frac{my'^2 r'}{r^2} =$$

$-t'^2 + x'^2 + y'^2 = -1$

$$= [xx' + yy'] \frac{m}{r^3} [-t'^2 + 1 + 2x'^2 + 2y'^2] - \frac{m r'}{r^2} [x'^2 + y'^2]$$

$$\frac{m(xx' + yy')}{r^3} [x'^2 + y'^2] - \frac{m r'}{r^2} [x'^2 + y'^2]$$

$$\left[\frac{m(xx' + yy')}{r^3} - \frac{m r'}{r^2} \right] (x'^2 + y'^2) = 0$$

$$t'' = -\frac{m t'}{r^3} (x x' + y y') = -\frac{m t'}{r^3} r r'$$

$$x'' = -\frac{m x}{r^3} - \frac{2 m x}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{m x' r'}{r^3}$$

$$y'' = -\frac{m y}{r^3} - \frac{2 m y}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{m y' r'}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{r^6 \kappa^2}{m^2} = (1 - x'^2 - y'^2)(x^2 x'^2 + 2 x y x' y' + y^2 y'^2) + x^2 + y^2 + 4 x^2 (x'^4 + 2 x'^2 y'^2 + y'^4) + x'^2$$

$$\frac{r^6 \kappa^2}{m^2} = \left(t'^2 r^2 r'^2 - (x^2 + y^2) + 4(x^2 + y^2)(x'^2 + y'^2) - (x'^2 + y'^2) r^2 r'^2 - 4(x^2 + y^2)(x'^2 + y'^2) + 2(x x' + y y') r r' + 4(x x' + y y') r r' (x'^2 + y'^2) \right)$$

$$\frac{r^6 \kappa^2}{m^2} = r^2 r'^2 - r^2 + 4 r^2 (x'^2 + y'^2)^2 + 4 r^2 (x'^2 + y'^2) [x'^2 + y'^2 - 1] + 2 r^2 r'^2 [2(x'^2 + y'^2) + 1]$$

$$t'' = -\frac{m t'}{r^3} r r'$$

$$x'' = -\frac{m x}{r^3} - \frac{2 m x}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{m x' r r'}{r^3}$$

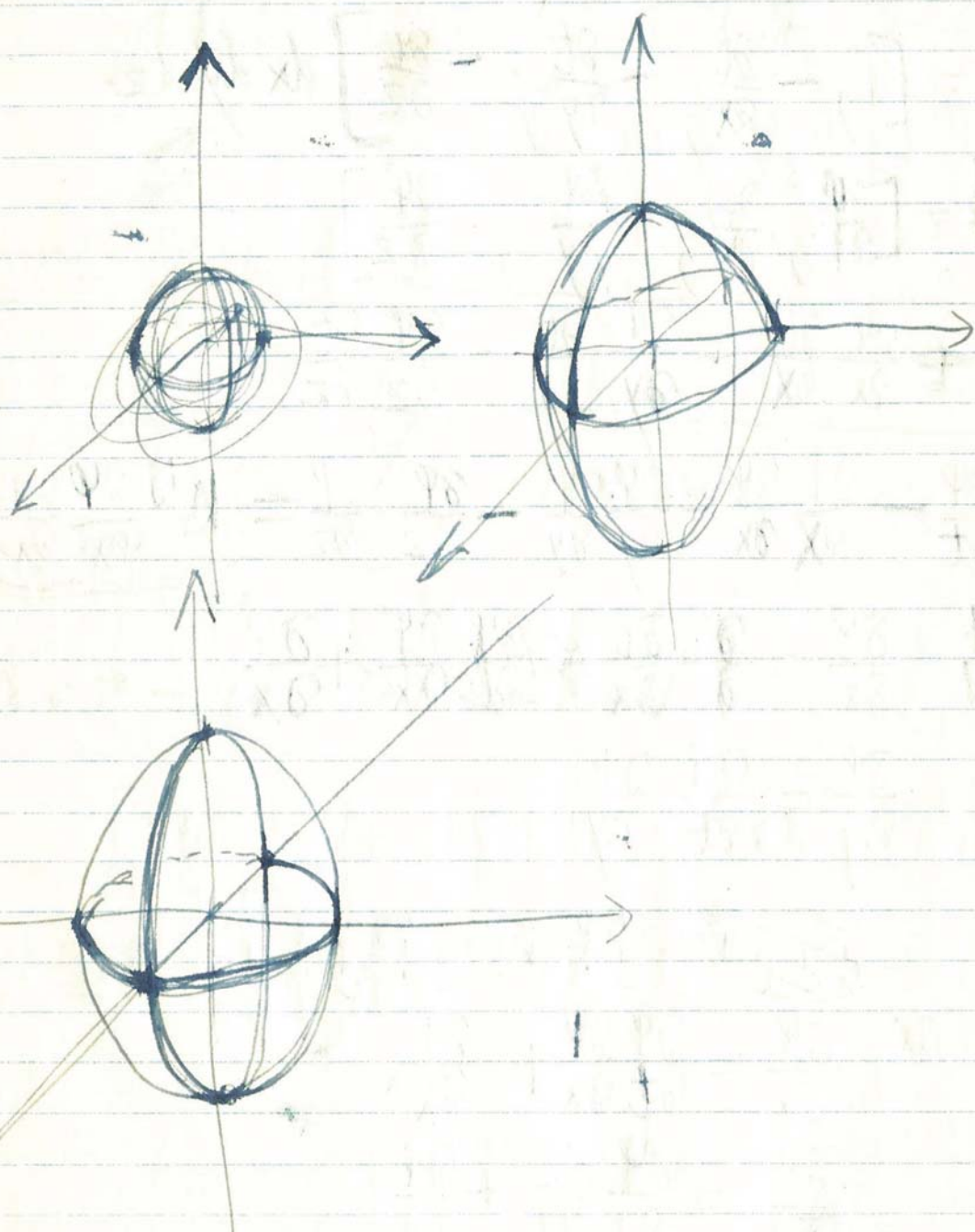
$$y'' = -\frac{m y}{r^3} - \frac{2 m y}{r^3} (x'^2 + y'^2) + \frac{m y' r r'}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{r^6 \kappa^2}{m^2} = \underbrace{r^2 r'^2 t'^2}_{\text{cancel}} - \underbrace{r^2}_{\text{cancel}} - \underbrace{4 r^4 (x'^2 + y'^2)^2}_{\text{cancel}} + \underbrace{(x'^2 + y'^2) r^2 r'^2}_{\text{cancel}} \\ + \underbrace{4 r^2 (x'^2 + y'^2)}_{\text{cancel}} + \underbrace{2 r^2 r'^2}_{\text{cancel}} + \underbrace{4 r^2 r'^2 (x'^2 + y'^2)}_{\text{cancel}}$$

$$\frac{r^6 \kappa^2}{m^2} = r^2 r'^2 \left[\underbrace{t'^2 - x'^2 - y'^2 + 2 + 4 x'^2 + 4 y'^2}_{\text{cancel}} \right] \\ - r^2 - 4 r^2 (x'^2 + y'^2) (1 + x'^2 + y'^2)$$

$$\frac{r^6 \kappa^2}{m^2} = r^2 r'^2 [3 + 4 x'^2 + 4 y'^2] - r^2 - 4 r^2 (x'^2 + y'^2) t'^2$$

$$\frac{r^6 \kappa^2}{m^2} = r^2 r'^2 [3 + 4 t'^2 - 4] - r^2 - 4 r^2 t'^2 (t'^2 - 1)$$

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$$dV_i = \left[1, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial x}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial y}, -\frac{\partial t}{\partial z} \right] dx dy dz$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = \left[\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} = \Delta^i \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x^i} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x^i}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z}$$

$$\text{div } \varphi = \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} \left[\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \right] + \left[\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$\text{div } \varphi = \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} \left[\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \right] + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} - \left[\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$\text{div } \varphi = \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} \left[\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \right] - \left[\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial x}$$

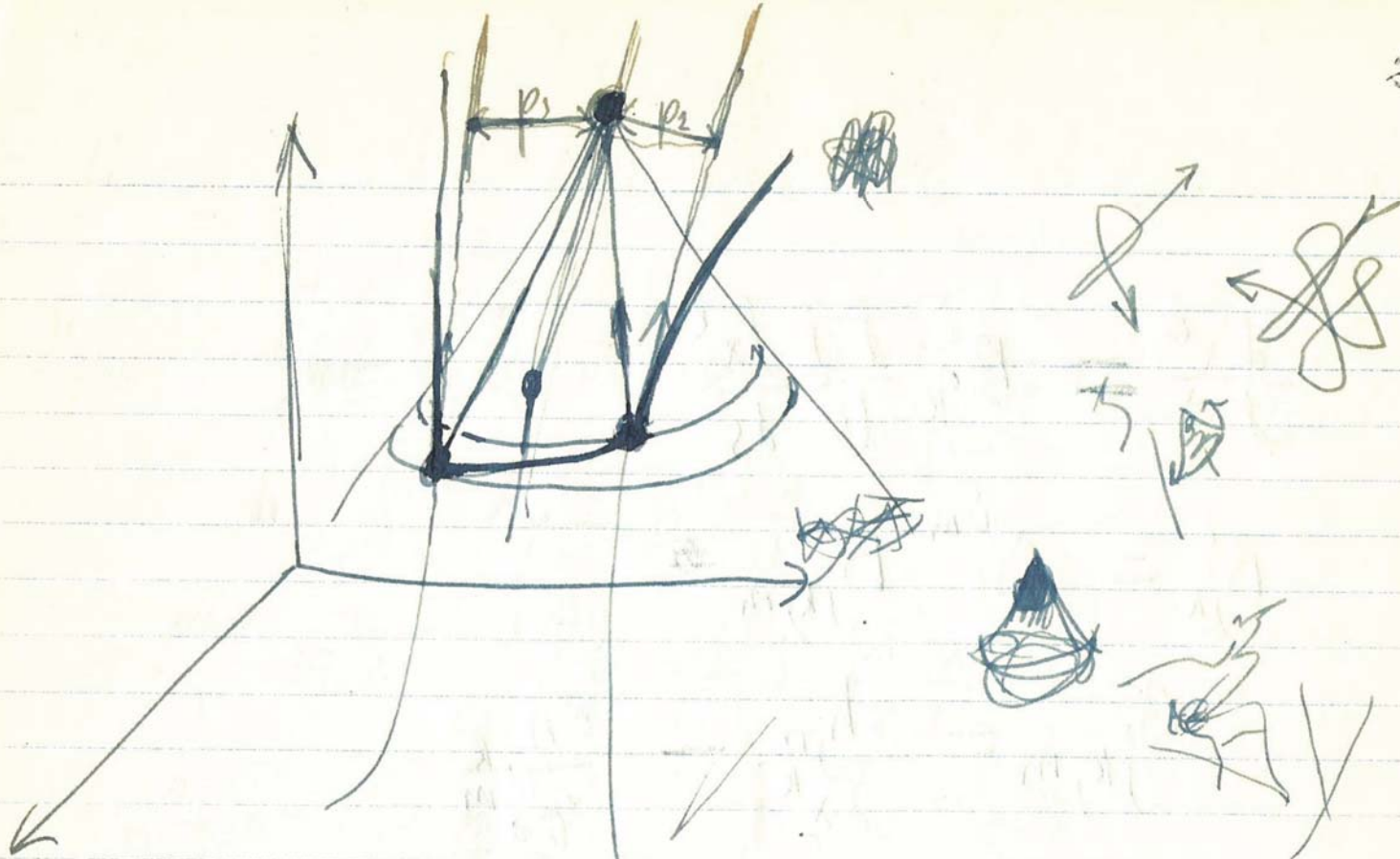
$$\frac{\partial u^2}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u^2}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial t}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial u^2}{\partial z}$$

$$\text{div } \vec{u} = \vec{u} \cdot \nabla t + \text{div } \vec{u}$$

$$\iiint \vec{u} \cdot \nabla t \, dV = \iiint \text{div}(\vec{u} t) \, dV - \iint t \, \text{div } \vec{u} \, dV$$

$$\text{div}(\vec{u} t) = \vec{u} \cdot \nabla t + t \, \text{div } \vec{u}$$



$$\frac{2 \underline{v_i} \underline{v_j} - \Delta_{ij}}{|p_1|} + \frac{2 \underline{V_i} \underline{V_j} - \Delta_{ij}}{|p_2|}$$

$$\frac{2 \underline{v_i} \underline{v_j} - \Delta_{ij}}{|p_1|} \neq 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} = B_{jk}^i \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

$$B_{jk}^i = \Delta^{im} B_{jk,m}$$

$$B_{jk,m} = \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + B_{jk}^i \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} B_{jk,m} \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} B_{kjm} \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$2 \frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} [B_{jk,m} + B_{kjm}] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{1}{2} (B_{jk,m} + B_{kjm}) \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$B_{jk,m} = \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m}$$

$$B_{kjm} = - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} + \frac{\partial h_{kj}}{\partial x^m}$$

Campo CentralTensor de curvatura de Riemann-Christoffel

$$R^{\epsilon}_{\mu\sigma} = \Gamma^{\alpha}_{\mu\sigma} \Gamma^{\epsilon}_{\alpha\tau} - \Gamma^{\alpha}_{\mu\tau} \Gamma^{\epsilon}_{\alpha\sigma} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\tau}} \Gamma^{\epsilon}_{\mu\sigma} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\sigma}} \Gamma^{\epsilon}_{\mu\tau}$$

$$h_{ij} = \delta_{ij} \frac{m}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^i} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^{\alpha}} = -\delta_{ij} \frac{m}{r^2} \frac{x^{\alpha}}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^{\alpha}} = -\delta_{ij} \frac{m x^{\alpha}}{r^3}$$

$$\Gamma_{\alpha\beta,\gamma} = \left[\frac{\partial h_{\alpha\gamma}}{\partial x^{\beta}} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^{\gamma}} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{\alpha\beta,\gamma} = \left[-\frac{\delta_{\alpha\gamma} m x^{\beta}}{r^3} + \frac{\delta_{\alpha\beta} m x^{\gamma}}{r^3} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{\alpha\beta,\gamma} = \frac{m}{r^3} \left[\delta_{\alpha\gamma} x^{\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\beta} x^{\gamma} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{\alpha\beta,1} = \left[\frac{\partial h_{\alpha 1}}{\partial x^{\beta}} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^1} \right] = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{\alpha\beta,1} = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{1\beta,\gamma} = \left[\frac{\partial h_{1\gamma}}{\partial x^{\beta}} - \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x^{\gamma}} \right] = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{1\beta,\gamma} = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{\alpha 1,\gamma} = 0$$

$$\Gamma_{11}^{r} = \left[\frac{\partial h_{1r}}{\partial x^1} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^r} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{11}^{r} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x^r} h_{11} = \frac{m}{r^3} x^r$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma_{11}^{r} = \frac{m x^r}{r^3}}$$

$$\Gamma_{1\beta}^{1} = \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\beta} - \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x^1} = -\frac{m x^\beta}{r^3}$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma_{1\beta}^{1} = -\frac{m x^\beta}{r^3}}$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma_{11}^{1} = \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^1} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^1} = 0}$$

Alternativa

$$h_{ij} = \Delta_{ij} \frac{m}{r} \text{ Campo central}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial h_{mk}}{\partial x^j} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right) \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

Campo central

$$B_{\alpha\beta,2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial h_{2\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} + \frac{\partial h_{2\beta}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^2} \right]$$

$$B_{23,2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial h_{22}}{\partial x^3} + \cancel{\frac{\partial h_{23}}{\partial x^3}} - \cancel{\frac{\partial h_{23}}{\partial x^2}} \right]$$

$$B_{22,2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial h_{22}}{\partial x^2} \right]$$

$$B_{23,2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial h_{22}}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$B_{\alpha\beta,3} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial h_{\alpha 3}}{\partial x^\beta} + \frac{\partial h_{\beta 3}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$B_{22,3} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\partial h_{23}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial h_{23}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{22}}{\partial y} \right] = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial h_{22}}{\partial y}$$

Los Pseudosímbolos de Christoffel y el Tensor de Pseudocurvatura en el Campo Central de Birkhoff.

Las ecuaciones del movimiento de una partícula en la teoría de Birkhoff son:

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} = \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}.$$

Estas ecuaciones se pueden escribir de los dos modos siguientes:

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0.$$

Sumando miembro a miembro estas dos ecuaciones **y** dividiendo entre dos, se obtiene:

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left\{ 2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} \right\} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x}{ds^2} - \frac{m}{r^3} (xx' + yy') x' - \frac{1}{2} \frac{mx}{r^3} [t'^2 - x'^2 - y'^2] = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 x}{ds^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{mx}{r^3} - \frac{mx'}{r^3} (xx' + yy') = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{ds^2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{my}{r^3} - \frac{my'}{r^3} (xx' + yy') = 0$$

Pseudosímbolos de Christoffel y Tensor de Pseudocurvatura en el Campo Central en la Teoría de la Gravitación de Birkhoff.

Las ecuaciones diferenciales de la línea de universo ~~de~~ una partícula exploradora en la teoría de la gravitación de Birkhoff son:

$$(1) \quad \frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} = \Delta^{im} \left(\frac{\partial h_{mj}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}.$$

Las ecuaciones (1) pueden escribirse de los dos modos siguientes:

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0,$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0.$$

Sumando miembro a miembro estas dos ecuaciones se obtiene:

$$2 \frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0.$$

Dividiendo entre 2:

$$\frac{d^2 x^i}{ds^2} + \Delta^{im} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left\{ 2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} \right\} \right] \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds} = 0.$$

Convención:

Índices griegos

$$\alpha = 2, 3, 4$$

$$\beta = 2, 3, 4$$

$$\gamma = 2, 3, 4$$

Índices latinos

$$i = 1, 2, 3, 4$$

$$j = 1, 2, 3, 4$$

$$k = 1, 2, 3, 4$$

Definición: Los pseudosímbolos de Christoffel de primera especie son por definición:

$$B_{jk,m} = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 2 \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{jm}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^j} \right\}.$$

Los pseudosímbolos de Christoffel de segunda especie son por definición:

$$B_{jk}^i = \Delta^{im} B_{jk,m}.$$

Pseudosímbolos de Christoffel de Primera Especie

$$h_{ij} = \delta_{ij} \frac{m}{r}.$$

$$\frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^2} = -\delta_{ij} \frac{m x^2}{r^3}; \quad \frac{\partial h_{ij}}{\partial x^1} = 0.$$

$$B_{11,1} = 0$$

$$B_{1k,m} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{1k}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{1m}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{km}}{\partial x^1} \right]$$

$$B_{1k,m} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{1k}}{\partial x^m} - \frac{\partial h_{1m}}{\partial x^k} \right]$$

$$B_{11,\alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial x^1} \right]$$

$$B_{11,\alpha} = \frac{1}{2} 2 \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\alpha} = - \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B_{11,\alpha} = - \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B_{11,1} = 0$$

$$B_{1\alpha,1} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial x^1} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\alpha} \right]$$

$$B_{1\alpha,1} = + \frac{1}{2} \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B_{1\alpha,\beta} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} - \frac{\partial h_{1\beta}}{\partial x^\alpha} \right] = 0$$

$$B_{1\alpha,\beta} = 0$$

$$B_{\alpha\beta,1} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^1} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha 1}}{\partial x^\beta} - \frac{\partial h_{\beta 1}}{\partial x^\alpha} \right] = 0$$

$$B_{\alpha\beta,1} = 0$$

$$B_{\alpha\beta\gamma} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^\gamma} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\gamma}}{\partial x^\beta} - \frac{\partial h_{\beta\gamma}}{\partial x^\alpha} \right]$$

~~$$\text{Si } \alpha \neq \beta \text{ y } \beta \neq \gamma \text{ y } \gamma \neq \alpha$$~~

Si α, β, γ son una permutación de 2, 3, 4 entonces $B_{\alpha\beta\gamma} = 0$

$$B_{\alpha\alpha\gamma} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\alpha}}{\partial x^\gamma} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\gamma}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\gamma}}{\partial x^\alpha} \right]$$

$\alpha \neq \gamma$

$$B_{\alpha\alpha\gamma} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \frac{(-1) x^\gamma m}{r^3} = - \frac{m x^\gamma}{r^3}$$

$$B_{\alpha\alpha\gamma} = - \frac{m x^\gamma}{r^3} \quad \alpha \neq \gamma$$

$$B_{\alpha\alpha\alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\alpha}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\alpha}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\alpha}}{\partial x^\alpha} \right] = 0$$

$$B_{\alpha\alpha\alpha} = 0$$

$\alpha \neq \beta$

$$B_{\alpha\beta\alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} - \frac{\partial h_{\beta\alpha}}{\partial x^\alpha} \right]$$

$$B_{\alpha\beta\alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{m x^\beta}{r^3} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m x^\beta}{r^3}$$

$$B_{\alpha\beta\alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m x^\beta}{r^3} \quad \alpha \neq \beta$$

$$B'_{jk} = 0$$

- 1) cuando los tres índices son desiguales,
- 2) cuando los tres índices son iguales,
- 3) cuando solo un índice es igual a 1

$$B'_{jk} \neq 0$$

if ~~quando solo dos índices son iguales, excepto~~
 ~~B'_{jk} que es igual a cero.~~

$$B'_{jk} \neq 0$$

~~quando solo dos índices son iguales a 1.~~

- 1) cuando ^{solo} $B'_{jk} \neq 0$ dos índices son iguales y el ~~resto~~ índice ^{restante} es igual a 1.

$$B'_{1\alpha} = B_{1\alpha,1} = \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B'_{\alpha\alpha} = B_{\alpha\alpha,1} = -\frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B'_{11} = -B_{11,\alpha} = \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B'_{\alpha\beta} = B_{\alpha\beta,1} = 0 \quad \alpha \neq \beta$$

$$\underline{\alpha \neq \beta, \beta \neq \gamma, \gamma \neq \alpha}$$

$$B'_{11} = B_{11,1} = 0$$

$$B'_{1\alpha} = B_{1\alpha,1} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B'_{\alpha\beta} = B_{\alpha\beta,1} = 0 \quad \alpha \neq \beta$$

$$B'_{\alpha\alpha} = B_{\alpha\alpha,1} = 0$$

$$B''_{11} = -B_{11,\alpha} = \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B''_{1\alpha} = -B_{1\alpha,\alpha} = 0$$

$$B''_{\beta\gamma} = -B_{\beta\gamma,\alpha} = 0$$

$$B''_{1\beta} = -B_{1\beta,\alpha} = 0$$

$$B''_{\alpha\alpha} = -B_{\alpha\alpha,\alpha} = 0$$

$$B''_{\alpha\beta} = -B_{\alpha\beta,\alpha} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{m x^\beta}{r^3}$$

$$B''_{\beta\beta} = -B_{\beta\beta,\alpha} = \frac{m x^\alpha}{r^3}$$

$$B_{13,1} = \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \frac{\partial h_{13}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial h_{31}}{\partial t} \right)$$

$$B_{13,1} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m y}{r^3}$$

$$B'_{1\alpha} = B_{1\alpha,1} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{mx^\alpha}{r^3} \quad \checkmark$$

$$B''_{11} = -B_{11,\alpha} = \frac{mx^\alpha}{r^3} \quad \checkmark$$

$$B''_{\alpha\beta} = -B_{\alpha\beta,\alpha} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{mx^\beta}{r^3} \quad \checkmark$$

$$B''_{\beta\beta} = -B_{\beta\beta,\alpha} = \frac{mx^\alpha}{r^3} \quad \checkmark$$

comprobaciones

$$B_{23,2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{23}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{22}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial h_{32}}{\partial x} \right]$$

$$B_{23,2} = +\frac{1}{2} \frac{my}{r^3}$$

$$B_{22}^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{my}{r^3}$$

$$B_{44}^3 = \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \frac{\partial h_{44}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial h_{43}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{43}}{\partial z} \right]$$

$$B_{44,3} = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 2 \frac{\partial h_{44}}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial h_{43}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial h_{43}}{\partial z} \right\}$$

$$B_{44,3} = -\frac{my}{r^3}$$

$$B_{11,4} = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 2 \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial h_{14}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{14}}{\partial t} \right\}$$

$$B_{11,4} = -\frac{mz}{r^3}$$

~~$$B_{jk}^{i,m} = B_{ik}^m$$~~

El tensor de pseudocurvatura P_{jkl}^i es:

$$P_{jkl}^i = B_{jl}^m B_{mk}^i - B_{jk}^m B_{ml}^i + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} B_{jl}^i - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^l} B_{jk}^i$$

$$P_{111}^1 = \underbrace{B_{11}^m B_{m1}^1 - B_{11}^m B_{m1}^1}_{0} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} B_{11}^1}_{0} - \underbrace{\frac{\partial}{\partial t} B_{11}^1}_{0}$$

$$P_{111}^1 = 0$$

$$P_{jkk}^i = 0$$

$$P_{11\alpha}^1 = B_{1\alpha}^m B_{m1}^1 - B_{11}^m B_{m\alpha}^1 + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} B_{1\alpha}^1 - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^\alpha} B_{11}^1$$

$$P_{11\alpha}^1 = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} B_{1\alpha}^1 B_{11}^1 + B_{1\alpha}^2 B_{21}^1 + B_{1\alpha}^3 B_{31}^1 + B_{1\alpha}^4 B_{41}^1 \\ - B_{11}^1 B_{1\alpha}^1 - B_{11}^2 B_{2\alpha}^1 - B_{11}^3 B_{3\alpha}^1 - B_{11}^4 B_{4\alpha}^1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$P_{112}^1 = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} B_{12}^2 B_{21}^1 + B_{12}^2 B_{31}^1 + B_{12}^4 B_{41}^1 \\ - B_{11}^2 B_{22}^1 - B_{11}^3 B_{32}^1 - B_{11}^4 B_{42}^1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$P_{112}^1 = 0 \quad P_{112}^1 = 0$$

$$P_{11\alpha}^1 = 0$$

$$P'_{123} =$$

Simetrias

$$P'_{jkl} = B_{jl}^m B_{mk}^i - B_{jk}^m B_{ml}^i + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} B_{jl}^i - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^l} B_{jk}^i$$

$$P'_{jlk} = B_{jk}^m B_{ml}^i - B_{jl}^m B_{mk}^i + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^l} B_{jk}^i - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} B_{jl}^i$$

$$\boxed{P'_{jkl} = -P'_{jlk}}$$

$$P'_{kjl} = B_{kl}^m B_{mj}^i - B_{kj}^m B_{ml}^i + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^i} B_{kl}^i - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^l} B_{kj}^i$$

$$P'_{jkl} = B_{jl}^m B_{mk}^i - B_{jk}^m B_{ml}^i + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} B_{jl}^i - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^l} B_{jk}^i$$

$$P'_{klj} = B_{kl}^m B_{mj}^i - B_{kj}^m B_{ml}^i + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^l} B_{kj}^i - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} B_{kl}^i$$

$$P'_{ljk} = B_{lk}^m B_{mj}^i - B_{lj}^m B_{mk}^i + \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j} B_{lk}^i - \frac{\partial}{\partial x^k} B_{lj}^i$$

$$p'_{ijk} = 0$$

$$p'_{ijj} = 0$$

¡Todas las $p'_{i..}$ son nulas!

$$p'_i \checkmark$$

p'_{111} ✓ 0	p'_{112} 0	p'_{113} 0	p'_{114} 0
p'_{121} 0	p'_{122} ✓ 0	p'_{123} 0	p'_{124} 0
p'_{131} 0	p'_{132} 0	p'_{133} ✓ 0	p'_{134} 0
p'_{141} 0	p'_{142} 0	p'_{143} 0	p'_{144} ✓ 0

P_2^1

✓

36

 P_{211}^1

✓

0

 P_{212}^1

✓

$$\frac{m^2}{4r^6} [2(y^2+z^2)-x^2]$$

$$-\frac{m}{2} \frac{r^2-3x^2}{r^5}$$

 P_{213}^1

✓

$$\frac{3mxy}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

 P_{214}^1

✓

$$\frac{3mxz}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

 P_{221}^1

✓

$$-\frac{m^2}{4r^6} [2(y^2+z^2)-x^2]$$

$$+\frac{m}{2} \frac{r^2-3x^2}{r^5}$$

 P_{222}^1

✓

0

 P_{223}^1

✓

0

 P_{224}^1

✓

0

 P_{231}^1

✓

$$\frac{3mxy}{4r^6} [m-2r]$$

 P_{232}^1

✓

0

 P_{233}^1

✓

0

 P_{234}^1

✓

0

 P_{241}^1

✓

$$\frac{3mxz}{4r^6} [m-2r]$$

 P_{242}^1

✓

0

 P_{243}^1

✓

0

 P_{244}^1

✓

0

P_3^I ✓

32

P_{34}^I ✓ 0	P_{312}^I ✓ $\frac{3mxy}{4r^6} [2r-m]$	P_{313}^I ✓ $\frac{m^2}{4r^6} [2(x^2+z^2)-y^2]$ $-\frac{m}{2} \frac{r^2-3y^2}{r^5}$	P_{314}^I ✓ $\frac{3myz}{4r^6} [2r-m]$
P_{321}^I ✓ $\frac{3mxy}{4r^6} [m-2r]$	P_{322}^I ✓ 0	P_{323}^I ✓ 0	P_{324}^I ✓ 0
P_{331}^I ✓ $\frac{m^2}{4r^6} [2(x^2+z^2)-y^2]$ $+\frac{m}{2} \frac{r^2-3y^2}{r^5}$	P_{332}^I ✓ 0	P_{333}^I ✓ 0	P_{334}^I ✓ 0
P_{341}^I ✓ $\frac{3myz}{4r^6} [m-2r]$	P_{342}^I ✓ 0	P_{343}^I ✓ 0	P_{344}^I ✓ 0

p_4^1

p_{411}^1

✓

0

p_{412}^1

$$\frac{3mxz}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

p_{413}^1

$$\frac{3myz}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

p_{414}^1

$$\frac{m^2}{4r^6} [2(x^2+y^2)-z^2] - \frac{m}{2} \frac{r^2-3z^2}{r^5}$$

p_{421}^1

$$\frac{3mxz}{4r^6} [m-2r]$$

p_{422}^1

✓

0

p_{423}^1

0

p_{424}^1

0

p_{431}^1

$$\frac{3myz}{4r^6} [m-2r]$$

p_{432}^1

0

p_{433}^1

✓

0

p_{434}^1

0

p_{441}^1

$$-\frac{m^2}{4r^6} [2(x^2+y^2)-z^2] + \frac{m}{2} \frac{r^2-3z^2}{r^5}$$

p_{442}^1

0

p_{443}^1

0

p_{444}^1

✓

0

p^2

39

 p^2_{11}

✓

0

 p^2_{12}

✓

$$\frac{m}{2r^5} [mr - 2r^2 + 6x^2]$$

 p^2_{13}

✓

$$\frac{3mxy}{2r^6} [m + 2r]$$

$$\frac{3mxy}{r^5}$$

 p^2_{14}

✓

$$\frac{3mxz}{2r^6} [m + 2r]$$

$$\frac{3mxz}{r^5}$$

 p^2_{121}

✓

$$-\frac{m}{2r^5} [mr - 2r^2 + 6x^2]$$

0

 p^2_{122}

✓

0

 p^2_{123}

✓

0

 p^2_{124}

✓

 p^2_{131}

✓

$$-\frac{3mxy}{2r^6} [m + 2r]$$

0

 p^2_{132}

✓

0

 p^2_{133}

✓

0

 p^2_{134}

✓

 p^2_{141}

✓

$$-\frac{3mxz}{2r^6} [m + 2r]$$

0

 p^2_{142}

✓

0

 p^2_{143}

✓

0

 p^2_{144}

✓

$$-\frac{3mxz}{r^5}$$

P_2^2 P_{211}^2

0 ✓

 P_{212}^2

0 ✓

 P_{213}^2

0 ✓

 P_{214}^2

0 ✓

 P_{221}^2

0 ✓

 P_{222}^2

0 ✓

 P_{223}^2

$$\frac{3mxy}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

 P_{224}^2

$$\frac{3mxz}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

 P_{231}^2

0 ✓

 P_{232}^2

$$-\frac{3mxy}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

 P_{233}^2

0 ✓

 P_{234}^2 P_{241}^2

0 ✓

 P_{242}^2

$$-\frac{3mxz}{4r^6} [2r-m]$$

 P_{243}^2

0 ✓

 P_{244}^2

P_3^2
 P_{311}^2

✓

○

 P_{312}^2
 P_{313}^2
 P_{314}^2
 P_{321}^2
 P_{322}^2
 P_{323}^2
 P_{324}^2

✓

○

 P_{331}^2
 P_{332}^2
 P_{333}^2

✓

 P_{334}^2

○

 P_{341}^2
 P_{342}^2
 P_{343}^2
 P_{344}^2

✓

○

p^2
y p^2
y11

✓

○

 p^2
y12 p^2
y13 p^2
y14 p^2
y21 p^2
y22

✓

○

 p^2
y23 p^2
y24 p^2
y31 p^2
y32 p^2
y33

✓

○

 p^2
y34 p^2
y41 p^2
y42 p^2
y43 p^2
y44

✓

○

p^3
1

 p^3
111

 p^3
112

 p^3
113

 p^3
114

 p^3
121

 p^3
122

 p^3
123

 p^3
124

 p^3
131

 p^3
132

 p^3
133

 p^3
134

 p^3
141

 p^3
142

 p^3
143

 p^3
144


p^3
~~2~~ p^3_{211} p^3_{212} p^3_{213} p^3_{214} p^3_{221} p^3_{222} p^3_{223} p^3_{224} p^3_{231} p^3_{232} p^3_{233} p^3_{234} p^3_{241} p^3_{242} p^3_{243} p^3_{244}

p_3

p_{311}^3 ✓ 	p_{312}^3	p_{313}^3 ✓ 	p_{314}^3
p_{321}^3	p_{322}^3 ✓ 	p_{323}^3	p_{324}^3
p_{331}^3 ✓ 	p_{332}^3	p_{333}^3 ✓ 	p_{334}^3
p_{341}^3	p_{342}^3	p_{343}^3	p_{344}^3 ✓ 

P_4^3
 P_{411}^3

✓

 P_{412}^3
 P_{413}^3
 P_{414}^3

○

 P_{421}^3
 P_{422}^3

✓

 P_{423}^3
 P_{424}^3

○

 P_{431}^3
 P_{432}^3
 P_{433}^3

✓

 P_{434}^3

○

 P_{441}^3
 P_{442}^3
 P_{443}^3
 P_{444}^3

✓

○

p_1^4 p_{11}^4 p_{112}^4 p_{113}^4 p_{114}^4 p_{121}^4 p_{122}^4

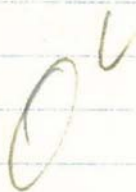
c

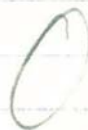
 p_{123}^4 p_{124}^4 p_{131}^4 p_{132}^4 p_{133}^4

✓

 p_{134}^4 p_{141}^4 p_{142}^4 p_{143}^4 p_{144}^4

✓

P_2^4
 P_{211}^4
 P_{212}^4
 P_{213}^4
 P_{214}^4

 P_{221}^4
 P_{222}^4
 P_{223}^4
 P_{224}^4

 P_{231}^4
 P_{232}^4
 P_{233}^4
 P_{234}^4

 P_{241}^4
 P_{242}^4
 P_{243}^4
 P_{244}^4


p_3^4
 p_{211}^4

✓

○

 p_{312}^4
 p_{313}^4
 p_{314}^4
 p_{321}^4
 p_{322}^4
 p_{323}^4
 p_{324}^4

✓

○

 p_{331}^4
 p_{332}^4
 p_{333}^4

✓

 p_{334}^4

○

 p_{341}^4
 p_{342}^4
 p_{343}^4
 p_{344}^4 ✓

○

p_4
4 p_4
411

✓

 p_4
412 p_4
413 p_4
414

✓

 p_4
421 p_4
422

✓

 p_4
423 p_4
424 p_4
431 p_4
432 p_4
433

✓

 p_4
434 p_4
441

✓

 p_4
442 p_4
443 p_4
444

✓



$$\dot{x} = \frac{x'}{t'}$$

$$\bullet = \frac{d}{dt}$$

$$' = \frac{d}{ds}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{t'x'' - \dot{x}'t''}{t'^3}$$

$$x'' = \left(\frac{\partial h_{2j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x} \right) \frac{dx^j}{ds} \frac{dx^k}{ds}$$

374

572

$$\ddot{x} = \text{~~~~~}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \left(\frac{\partial h_{2j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x} \right) \dot{x}^j \dot{x}^k - \dot{x} \left(\frac{\partial h_{2j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial t} \right) \dot{x}^j \dot{x}^k$$

$$\ddot{x} = \left[\frac{\partial h_{2j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial x} - \dot{x} \left\{ \frac{\partial h_{2j}}{\partial x^k} - \frac{\partial h_{jk}}{\partial t} \right\} \right] \dot{x}^j \dot{x}^k$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{x} = & \left(\frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x} \right) + \left(\frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial x^\alpha} \dot{x}^\alpha + \frac{\partial h_{2\alpha}}{\partial t} \dot{x}^\alpha + \frac{\partial h_{2\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta \right) \\ & - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial t} \dot{x} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\alpha} \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha - \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial t} \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha - \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta \\ & + \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial t} \dot{x} + \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial t} \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha + \frac{\partial h_{\alpha 1}}{\partial t} \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha + \frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial t} \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{x} = & \left[\frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x} \right] + \left[\frac{\partial h_{21}}{\partial x^\alpha} + \frac{\partial h_{2\alpha}}{\partial t} \right] \dot{x}^\alpha \\ & + \left[-\frac{\partial h_{11}}{\partial x^\alpha} + \frac{\partial h_{\alpha 1}}{\partial t} \right] \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha + \frac{\partial h_{2\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta + \left[\frac{\partial h_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial h_{1\alpha}}{\partial x^\beta} \right] \dot{x} \dot{x}^\alpha \dot{x}^\beta \end{aligned}$$